

# Cunila origanoides (American dittany, stone mint, Maryland mint)

- HSA's Notable Native Herb for 2015
- Found in dry woods from southeast New York to Florida, Texas, Oklahoma, Missouri, and Illinois
- Perennial; 1-2 feet tall; hardy to at least southern Pennsylvania (Zone 6)
- Prefers part shade, moist but well-drained rich acidic soil
- Oregano-scented oval leaves; small violet to white flowers in clusters, July-Oct; hollow stems can form "frost flowers" in winter
- Propagate by divisions or seeds in early spring



Uses: Leaf tea is a folk remedy; limited culinary use (not GRAS); dried flowers or wreaths

### Available from:

American Native Nursery: http://americannativenursery.com Easy Living Wildflowers: http://www.easywildflowers.com Enchanter's Garden: http://enchantersgarden.com

Sources consulted:

Foster and Duke, Eastern/Central Medicinal Plants - Peterson Field Guide;

Tucker and DeBaggio. 2009. The encyclopedia of herbs.

# CZR2 WII Cook

photo credit: Will Cook

# Edgeworthia chrysantha (Chinese paperbush, jie xiang, mitsumata)

- Daphne relative native to China; naturalized in Japan and Georgia in the U.S.
- Rounded deciduous shrub with cinnamon-colored stems; 6-10 feet tall in ten vears
- Hardy in Zones 7-9, with winter protection in Zone 7; generally long-lived and low maintenance
- Blue-green foliage in spring turns yellow in fall
- Winter blooming; very fragrant, creamy yellow flowers color up in November in southern New Jersey; long bloom season

photo credit: Joe Kiefer, Triple Oaks Nursery

- Needs moist, humus-rich soil and shelter from hot afternoon sun (prefers full shade to partial sun)
- Propagate by cuttings or root divisions

**Family:** Thymelaeaceae

**Uses:** ornamental; bark is a source of fiber for high-grade paper

Cultivars: 'Gold Rush', 'Winter Gold', 'Snow Cream', 'Akebono/Red Dragon', 'Nanjing Gold'

Available from:

RareFind Nursery: http://www.rarefindnursery.com Plant Delights Nursery: http://www.plantdelights.com

**Sources consulted:** 

Joe and Lorraine Kiefer at Triple Oaks Nursery (Franklinville, NJ); Monrovia.com

# Lavandula stoechas 'Silver Anouk' PP20.068 (French lavender, Spanish lavender)

- The French lavenders (*L. stoechas*) are native to the Îles d'Hyères off the southern coast of France (the Stoechades). The 'Silver Anouk' cultivar was introduced by Darwin Perennials (www.darwinperennials.com).
- Tender perennial shrub; upright, evergreen; often hardy to Zone 6a (-10°F)
- Leaves are narrow, blue-silver, and stiff; the silver-gray plant is striking overall; dark purple flower spikes are topped with pale purple wings; somewhat fragrant; blooms early spring and reblooms throughout the season
- Grow in full sun to part shade in well-drained soil
- Propagate by cuttings

Family: Lamiaceae

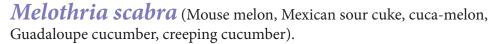
Uses: Mostly ornamental; compact habit; good container plant; good winter resistance to frost

Available from:

DarwinPerennials: www.darwinperennials.com

**Sources consulted:** 

Darwin Perennials: http://www.darwinperennials.com Tucker and DeBaggio. 2009. The encyclopedia of herbs.



(syns. M. donnell-smithii; M. donnell-smithii var. hirtella; M. donnell-smithii var. rotundifolia).

- Native to Mexico, southeast, south central, and mid-Atlantic U.S., and portions of South America; named by Charles Victor Naudin in 1866
- Tender perennial vine to 6-12 feet in height; yellow flowers bloom from April through October; abundant 1-2-inch green-white striped fruits, like miniature watermelons
- Prefers medium sun and peat soil
- Propagate from seeds or cuttings

Family: Cucurbitaceae

Uses: Culinary – stir fry, pickle, or eat raw; Ethnobotanical – the Houma Indians of Louisiana used a poultice of the closely related M. pendula to treat snakebites (Native American Ethnobotany); North Carolina considers M. pendula to be mildly toxic (purgative); M. scabra, though closely related in size and use, is not laxative (Eat the Weeds). The taste of Mexican sour cuke is described as a strongly sweet cucumber flavor with a tangy citrus twist (Territorial Seed Company).

### Plants available from:

Morningsun Herb Farm: www.morningsunherbfarm.com

# Seeds are available from:

Amazon.com: http://www.amazon.com

Territorial Seed Company: www.territorialseed.com

Sources consulted:

Bihrmann's Caudiciforms: http://www.bihrmann.com

Eat the Weeds: http://www.eattheweeds.com

Folia: http://myfolia.com

# **Native American Ethnobotany:**

http://herb.umd.umich.edu

Rare Seeds – Baker Creek Heirloom Seeds: http://www.rareseeds.com







photo credit: Rare Seeds

# Micromeria biflora (lemon savory).

(syns. Satureja biflora, Thymus biflorus, Clinopodium biflorum)

*M. biflora* is distributed globally in South Africa, Arabia, Afghanistan, Pakistan, India, Nepal, Bhutan and Burma at altitudes ranging from 3300-9800 feet in hilly grasslands.

- (8 inches) tender perennial shrub only hardy above zone 11.
- Intense lemon scent and flavor
- Rose to mauve flowers appear in June and July
- Grow in sandy or loamy well-drained soil; not picky about pH or moisture, but won't grow in shade



photo credit: Gurcharan Singh

# Family: Lamiaceae

**Uses:** Essential oil used for flavoring liqueurs; Decoction used for a swollen abdomen, dysentery, colds and coughs; (Flora of China). Flowers and leaves used as a tea; powder of dried flowers and leaves used to flavor lentil soups and curries; paste of the roots used to treat toothache; aroma of rubbed plant inhaled to treat nosebleeds; poultice of plant used to treat wounds; juice of plant is taken internally or inhaled to treat sinusitis (Plants for a Future). Modern research shows it to be anti-inflammatory, analgesic, and antipyretic (reduces fever) (Chandra et al., p. 2544)

### Plants available from:

Richters Herbs: http://www.richters.com

Morningsun Herb Farm: www.morningsunherbfarm.com

### Seeds available from:

The Thyme Garden Herb Co.: http://www.thymegarden.com

### Sources consulted:

eFloras. Flora of China: www.efloras.org Plants for a Future: http://www.pfaf.org

Chandra, Mahesh, et al. Journal of Medicinal Plants Research.

http://www.academicjournals.org

# Micromeria douglasii (yerba buena, Oregon tea)

(syns. Satureja douglasii. Clinopodium douglasii)

- Yerba buena (Spanish for "good herb")
- Flat, creeping perennial native to the Pacific Northwest, British Columbia, and California; ranges as far north as Alaska and as far east as Idaho and Montana
- Hardy in zones 7-10
- Generally found at forest edges and in shaded woods below 3000 ft;
- Growing a foot or less in height with a spread of up to 6 ft, it makes a good, non-aggressive ground cover for moist, shaded areas.
- Rounded leaves with tiny scallops along their margins are velvety, bright green, and have a minty aroma; tiny white flowers bloom between April and September
- Prefers moist soils in part shade
- Propagate from seeds, rooted sections, or cuttings

### Family: Lamiaceae

**Uses:** The leaves make a mild and tasty tea and have been used as a deodorant, to alleviate the pain of childbirth, treat chest colds, purify the blood and occasionally as an aphrodisiac (Moerman, p. 447).

# Plants available from:

Richters Herbs: http://www.richters.com

Morningsun Herb Farm: www.morningsunherbfarm.com

### Seeds available from:

Amazon.com: http://www.amazon.com

### **Sources consulted:**

Duke database: http://www.ars-grin.gov

Lady Bird Johnson Wildflower Center: http://www.wildflower.org



photo credit: Richters Herbs

# Satureja montana var. illyrica (purple winter savory) (syn. of Satureja subspicata subsp. subspicata)

- Prostrate form of winter savory with purple flowers and slightly more refined leaves; drapes nicely over container edges so is ornamental but still tastes good (Carolee Snyder, personal
- Introduced to the U.S. by Plant Select® in 2007; native to southern Europe
- Perennial, hardy in zones 3b-8b; grows 4-6 inches tall and 12-15 inches wide in average, well-drained soil; drought tolerant once established
- Prefers part sun/part shade; foliage forms trim evergreen mounds;
   purple-violet flowers appear in summer and cover plant late in the season



Photo credits: Left: Plant Select\* / Right: Plant Lust

# Family: Lamiaceae

comm.).

**Uses:** Similar in usage to summer savory (*S. hortensis*), winter savory adds an oregano-like taste to vegetable and meat dishes and can be a component of vermouths and bitters (Tucker and DeBaggio, p. 458). Its flavor is harsher than that of summer savory due to its higher thymol content (Bown, p. 349).

# **Available from:**

Mountain Valley Growers: http://www.mountainvalleygrowers.com

Morningsun Herb Farm: www.morningsunherbfarm.com

# **Sources consulted:**

Bown, D. 1995. Encyclopedia of herbs & their uses.

Plant Select®: http://plantselect.org

Snyder, C.: Carolee's Herb Farm: http://www.caroleesherbfarm.com Tucker, A.O., and T. DeBaggio. 2009. The encyclopedia of herbs.

# Ocimum 'Baja' (Baja cinnamon basil)

Baja basil is an extremely sweet variety of cinnamon basil; The Thyme Garden received seeds for it in 1994 from a woman in Baja, Mexico.

- Warm season annual;18-24 inches tall and 12 inches wide; rich soil; full sun
- Hardy in zones 9 or 10
- Medium sized leaves with a very sweet cinnamon flavor; flowers are white; like most basils, remove flowers to encourage leaf production
- The Herb Society of America chose Baja basil as a promising plant in 2001 and thinks that it once again deserves attention.

Family: Lamiaceae

photo credit: The Thyme Garden

Use: Culinary: Baja basil is delicious in fruit salads, chutneys, and other fruity dishes (The Herb Cottage).

# Plants available from:

The Thyme Garden: http://www.thymegarden.com

Morningsun Herb Farm: www.morningsunherbfarm.com

# Seeds available from:

GardenSeed.com

### Sources consulted:

The Herb Cottage: http://theherbcottage.com

The Herb Society of America

**Available from:** 

Flora Library: http://www.floralibrary.com



# Pelargonium 'Matt's Mabel' ('Matt's Mabel' lemon-scented Pelargonium, lemon-scented geranium)

Bill Tufenkian, a well-known Pelargonium grower on the west coast, found P. 'Matt's Mabel' as a chance seedling in his greenhouse. Mr. Tufenkian reported that its parent plant was *Pelargonium citronellum*, the species commonly known as P. 'Mabel Grey'. 'Matt's Mabel' looks very much like its mother plant; however, the leaves are smaller and the flowers are larger. It can grow 2 feet tall and wide. While *P. citronellum* can be difficult to propagate, P. 'Matt's Mabel' is not. It is a robust plant with a strong upright growth pattern. Best of all, it has the wonderful lemon fragrance of its parent. (Caroline Amidon, pers. comm.).



photo credit: ewkennel

- Native to South Africa, scented *Pelargoniums* are perennials which do not reliably survive freezing temperatures. In colder regions they can be grown outdoors as annuals or in containers brought indoors during the winter.
- Repot container-grown plants every year or two in a well-draining potting mix; keep evenly moist but not soggy
- Grow outdoors in a bright spot; shield from direct sunlight in hot climates
- Propagate from cuttings
- Prune and shape established plants in late winter or early spring

Family: Geraniaceae

**Use:** ornamental; fragrance Plants available from:

Goodwin Creek Gardens: www.goodwincreekgardens.com

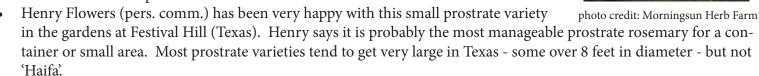
Sources consulted:

Caroline Amidon: scented.pels@gmail.com

Goodwin Creek Gardens: www.goodwincreekgardens.com

# Rosmarinus officinalis 'Haifa' ('Haifa' trailing rosemary)

- Low growing, essentially prostrate form
- Slow growing, reaching a width of 18 inches and a height of only 6 inches
- Needle-like foliage; flowers are light blue; evergreen perennial hardy to zone 8
- Excellent drought tolerant groundcover; prefers full sun in light well-drained soil; excellent container plant



Repot container plants periodically; prune out dead wood in the spring

Family: Lamiaceae

**Uses:** culinary, craft, groundcover

Plants available from:

Morningsun Herb Farm: http://www.morningsunherbfarm.com

Sources consulted: Flowers, H. 2014.

Morning Sun Herb Farm: http://www.morningsunherbfarm.com Tucker, A.O., and T. DeBaggio. 2009. The encyclopedia of herbs.



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